Main Features

- Custom waveforms from 5 nsec per point
- Analog outputs of 8- and 12-bit resolution
- High-speed waveform memory lengths to 2 Mbytes (512 kbytes standard)
- Waveform linking and looping with realtime dynamic simulation options
- Six standard waveforms
- 10 V p-p waveform outputs (50 n)
- Dual or single channel versions
- GPIB interface
- EASYWAVE waveform creation software (optional)
- Easy waveform capture from digital oscilloscopes

Generates Custom or Standard Waveforms

The LeCroy 9100 Series of Arbitrary Function Generators (AFGs) are high performance ATE or benchtop instruments which can generate either standard or user defined, complex waveforms with fine point-to-point time resolution. They are fully programmable via either GPIB or RS-232. Waveform generation and editing software is offered for PC-DOS compatible computers. Applications include: scientific research, medical instrumentation, disk drive testing, communication link testing, radar and sonar testing, ultra-sound testing and video testing.

HIGH SPEED WAVEFORMS

Custom waveform outputs using digital generation techniques can now be created from amplitude points separated by as little as 5 nsec. Wide-band amplifiers coupled with high-speed DACs yield fast rise times and settling times. Built-in filters eliminate point-to-point steps to present smooth output shapes at your option. Analog signals to 100 MHz can be created.

DUAL CHANNEL OPERATION

In the dual output versions, each channel has independent amplitude, offset, and phase delay, providing the ability to simultaneously generate two different signals. Also, generating the same signal on both channels and inverting one results in differential output signals. The excellent phase match between channels permits the generation of precise, phase related signals for use in such applications as testing logic set up times or synchro resolvers. It is especially suited for mixed signal automated testing for products such as digital fillers, A/D converters, D/A converters, video systems, and data communications circuits.

INTERNAL CHANNEL SUMMING

With the 8-bit Model 9109, internally summing the two channels together makes it possible to combine two waveforms and control the amplitude of one portion of the resultant composite waveform independently of the rest of it. This also provides expanded dynamic range because one portion of the waveform can be attenuated relative to the rest without losing resolution (bits). Also, by setting the amplitude range of each channel to half the desired total amplitude and summing, a resolution of 9 bits can be achieved.
STANDARD AND ARBITRARY FUNCTIONS

In addition to the primary function of arbitrary function generation, the Series 9100 units also provide both standard function generation and pulse generation capabilities. Sine, square, triangular ramp, pulse and DC-waveform functions are built-in standards. Function selection and parameter manipulation can be implemented from the control panel or via the GPIB or RS-232-C interface.

DIGITAL AS WELL AS ANALOG OUTPUTS

Both dual channel models of Series 9100 generate custom or standard waveforms and their equivalent digital data patterns. Their high speeds up to 200 Mpoints/sec make it possible to produce "real world" custom waveforms for testing digital filters, RADAR and SONAR signal processing systems, disk drives, A/D-D/A converters, video systems, and data communications systems.

VERSATILE MEMORIES FOR WAVEFORM GENERATION AND NON-VOLATILE STORAGE

The AFGs use a high-speed waveform memory (512 kbytes, expandable to 2 Mbytes) to generate waveforms. This memory can be down-loaded with a variety of different waveform files or segments. Waveform elements can be repeated and linked together to create larger composite waveforms. There is no dead time between linked segments. Each custom waveform can be repeated up to 65,535 times.

FLEXIBLE OPERATION AND TRIGGER MODES

Waveforms can be output as a single shot, as a triggered burst of up to 64K cycles, as an auto-triggered recurrent waveform with programmed delays between cycles, as a continuous waveform, or gated under control of an external signal. Triggering can be manual, bus operated, or external, with selectable slope, polarity, level, and delay. Timemark, sync'd waveform start, and clock outputs provide flexible timing reference for synchronized operation.

WAVEFORM AND COMMAND SEQUENCING SPEED TEST SETUP AND THROUGHPUT

LeCroy arbitrary function generators let you store hundreds of waveform generation commands in a single "Sequence File". By activating just one sequence file, the most complex waveforms can be output easily and automatically.

OPTIONAL HAND-HELD CONTROL PANEL

An optional hand-held control panel allows test technician full access to stored waveforms and permits flexible manipulation of these waveforms without the use of a computer.

WAVEFORM CREATION SOFTWARE

LeCroy's optional EASYWAVE software simplifies creation of custom waveforms or digital data patterns. With EASYWAVE you can easily and quickly create almost any conceivable "real world" waveform required for comprehensive and realistic testing of your circuits.

Waveforms can be created directly from the mathematical equation which describes the waveform. Or, it may be easier to simply select the needed shapes from EASYWAVE's library of simple waveform elements. Link them together, and then stretch them to desired amplitudes and time durations.

A spreadsheet-like array editor is used for point-by-point waveform or pattern entry in decimal or hexadecimal form. Waveforms may also be captured using LeCroy's digital oscilloscopes, digitizers, or transient recorders, and transferred to the AFGs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>9100 Series Models</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Model 9101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single-channel,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 Mpoints/sec,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8-bit analog outputs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model 9109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dual-channel,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 Mpoints/sec,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8-bit analog outputs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model 9112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dual-channel,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 Mpoints/sec,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>two 12-bit analog outputs, two 16-bit digital outputs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## 9100 Series Specifications

### Waveform Output Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output Channel</th>
<th>9101</th>
<th>9109</th>
<th>9112</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Output Impedance</td>
<td>50 Ω ±0.5 Ω</td>
<td>50 Ω ±0.5 Ω</td>
<td>50 Ω ±0.5 Ω</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC Accuracy</td>
<td>The greater of 1% of level or 1% of full scale amplitude or 20 mV</td>
<td>The greater of 1% of level or 1% of full scale amplitude or 20 mV</td>
<td>0.5% of full scale amplitude into 50 Ω for amplitude &gt; 500 mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vertical Resolution</td>
<td>8 bits</td>
<td>8 bits</td>
<td>12 bits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Full Scale</td>
<td>5 mV p-p into 50 Ω</td>
<td>5 mV p-p into 50 Ω</td>
<td>100 pV p-p into 50 Ω</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Voltage</td>
<td>10 mV p-p into 11 high-Z</td>
<td>10 mV p-p into 11 high-Z</td>
<td>200 pV p-p into high-Z</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Full Scale</td>
<td>10 V p-p into 50 Ω (-5 V to +5 V)</td>
<td>10 V p-p into 50 Ω (-5 V to +5 V)</td>
<td>20 V p-p into high-Z</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Voltage</td>
<td>20 V p-p into 11 high-Z</td>
<td>0 V p-p into high-Z</td>
<td>- full scale amplitude (must be &gt; 100 mV output voltage range)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offset Voltage Range</td>
<td>+5 V p-p into 50 Ω</td>
<td>±5 V p-p into 50 Ω</td>
<td>±5 V p-p into 50 Ω</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offset Voltage Resolution</td>
<td>&lt; 6 mV steps</td>
<td>&lt; 6 mV steps</td>
<td>&lt; 10 V p-p into high-Z</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distortion</td>
<td>Sinusoidal output at frequencies ≤ 1 MHz</td>
<td>Sinusoidal output at frequencies ≤ 1 MHz</td>
<td>Sinusoidal output at frequencies ≤ 200 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Harmonic</td>
<td>&lt; -50 dBC for frequencies ≤ 1 MHz</td>
<td>&lt; -50 dBC for frequencies ≤ 1 MHz</td>
<td>&lt; -65 dBC for frequencies ≤ 200 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spurious and Non-Harmonic Distortion</td>
<td>&lt; -65 dBC for frequencies ≤ 1 MHz, excluding band within 1 kHz of carrier</td>
<td>&lt; -65 dBC for frequencies ≤ 1 MHz, excluding band within 1 kHz of carrier</td>
<td>&lt; -65 dBC for frequencies ≤ 1 MHz, excluding band within 1 kHz of carrier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signal-to-Noise Ratio</td>
<td>&gt; 45 dB for full scale amplitudes 2.75 mV</td>
<td>2.45 dB for full scale amplitudes 2.75 mV</td>
<td>&gt; 70 dB RMS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crosstalk Between Channels</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>&lt; 70 dB RMS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel 1 to Channel 2 Phase Accuracy</td>
<td>±40°</td>
<td>&lt; 0.05° with both channels on</td>
<td>±40°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection</td>
<td>&lt; 5 nsec, 10%-90%, filters off</td>
<td>&lt; 5 nsec, 10%-90%, filters off</td>
<td>&lt; 50 nsec to 1% of amplitude change for 5 V transition including rise time (filters off)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5% of full scale amplitude max, 3% typ</td>
<td>5% of full scale amplitude max, 3% typ</td>
<td>&lt; 20 nsec to 3% of amplitude change for 5 V transition including rise time (filters off)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5% of full scale amplitude max, 2% typ</td>
<td>5% of full scale amplitude max, 2% typ</td>
<td>20 nsec typ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crosstalk Between Channels Protection</td>
<td>&lt; 20 nsec to 3% of amplitude change for 5 V transition including rise time (filters off)</td>
<td>&lt; 50 nsec to 1% of amplitude change for 5 V transition including rise time (filters off)</td>
<td>&lt; 0.05° with both channels on</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS
Output smoothing (filtering): The 9101 and 9109 have built-in 18 dB/octave (3 pole Bessel) filters for each channel with independently programmable cutoff frequencies of 100 MHz, 30 MHz, 10 MHz, 3 MHz or 1 MHz. Filters may also be turned off. The 9112 is provided with one external 8-pole Butterworth low-pass filter. Cutoff frequency (-3 dB point) is 36 MHz, roll-off is 48 dB/octave. Additional filter for 2nd channel optional.

OUTPUT CLOCKING CHARACTERISTICS
Clock resolution: 0.035% (350 ppm).
Clock accuracy: < 5.0 ppm at 23°C, 115 VAC, 60 Hz. After a 30 minute warm-up period.
Clock stability: < 0.5 ppm ± C
Clock jitter: 0.05% max., 0.0125% typical.
Interval range: 250 k points/sec to 1 point/sec per channel per channel.

External clocking: Output point rate may also be controlled by an external clock source. When external clocking is selected, the internal clock is bypassed and the waveform is generated using the external clock. The External Clocking Performance table describes the relationship between the external clock frequency and the output point rate in various configurations.

External clock input impedance: 50 Ω.
External clock threshold: Variable over the range of ±2.5 V. Resolution < 20 mV.

TRIGGERING CHARACTERISTICS
Trigger Modes
Continuous: The generator runs continuously at the selected frequency.
Recurrent: The waveform is cycled with a programmable delay between cycles. The number of waveforms per cycle is programmable up to 65.535.
Single: Upon receipt of a trigger, the selected waveform is generated only once. The start of the waveform can be programmably delayed from the trigger point.
Burst: Upon receipt of a trigger, the selected waveform is generated a programmable number of times, up to 65.535. The start of the burst can be programmably delayed from the trigger point.
Gated: The waveform is triggered by the leading edge of the gate signal, and stops at the completion of the waveform cycle occurring during the trailing edge of the gate signal.
Trigger delay: Programmable; limits depend on generator model and single or dual channel operation. The limits are given in the Trigger Delay Limits table. In the table, the term “point” indicates one sample interval’s

Trigger arming sources:
Auto: Generator automatically rearms itself at the end of the waveform.
Bus: Generator is rearmed only via command from the GPIB, RS-232 or the 9100/CP Hand held Control Panel.

Triggering sources:
Manual: Front panel push-button.
External: External trigger applied via a front panel BNC.
Bus: Trigger from GPIB of RS-232.
Control Panel: Trigger key.

External trigger input:
Impedance: 50 Ω.
Slope: Positive or negative threshold.
Range: ±2.5 V.
Threshold resolution: < 20 mV.

Trigger Delay Limits
WAVEFORM MEMORY CHARACTERISTICS
All LeCroy 9100 Series Arbitrary Function Generators (AFGs) have 512 kbytes of high speed waveform memory as a standard feature.

Waveform memory may optionally be extended to 1 Mbyte with the I/MM1 option or 2 Mbytes with the I/MM2 option.

The 9101 and the 9109 use one high speed memory byte per waveform point. The 9112 uses 2 bytes per point. Therefore, with 9112, the standard configuration provides 256 kpoints, the I/MM1 option provides 512 kpoints and the I/MM2 option provides 1 Mpoint.

Individual waveform files, or segments, may be linked to create larger composite waveforms. There is no dead time between linked segments.

The maximum number of links in a composite waveform is 2048. Each linked segment can be repeated up to 4095 times before advancing to the next linked segment.

Regardless of how many times a given linked segment is used in a composite waveform, it appears in high-speed memory only once. The Memory Segment Length Requirements table describes segment length requirements.

REAL-TIME OPERATING MODE
The 9100/RT option allows immediate, interactive access to any waveform file in the AFG's high-speed waveform memory. This gives the user the ability to change the output waveform Han the fly, in a smooth and continuous fashion. The option consists of a First-In, First-Out (FIFO) memory and support hardware. Data written to the FIFO is used instead of the contents of the Generator's Control Memory, which normally controls the sequencing of output waveforms.

Compatibility: This option is fully compatible with all LeCroy 9100 Series AFGs. Maximum real-time waveform selection rate: 2.77 MHz, for 72 point single-channel waveforms at 200 MHz sample rate at 9101 and 9109, or for 18 point dual-channel waveforms at 50 MHz sample rate in 9112. Fetch time for waveform change instruction: 72 sample clock periods. Throughput delay: (from rising edge of write to output change) 128 sample clock periods, plus 120 nsec. relative to the end of the waveform currently being output.

DIGITAL OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS
Two digital output channels are standard features of LeCroy's 9109 and 9112 Arbitrary Function Generators. Each of the two channels has both a digital and analog output port. This allows users to utilize data in both the digital and analog domains. This feature is useful in mixed signal test and development applications.

The 9112 uses a 16-bit memory architecture. The four least significant bits of each of the 9112's data words are not delivered to their respective DACs, and may therefore contain time-correlated data which do not affect the analog waveform generated by that channel. (The Digital Output feature is unavailable in Model 9101.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Memory Segment Length Requirements</th>
<th>Single Channel Mode</th>
<th>Dual Channel Mode</th>
<th>Single Channel Mode</th>
<th>Dual Channel Mode</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Linkable Segment Length</td>
<td>1 point</td>
<td>1 point</td>
<td>32 point</td>
<td>36 points</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Segment Length</td>
<td>65,853 points</td>
<td>32,768 points</td>
<td>32,768 points</td>
<td>384 points</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resolution blocks</td>
<td>4 blocks</td>
<td>4 blocks</td>
<td>8 blocks</td>
<td>8 blocks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9101, 9109</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9112</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9109 and 9112 Digital Output Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output Word Length</th>
<th>Equalization</th>
<th>Word Length</th>
<th>Clock Out</th>
<th>Resolution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Two-32-bit words</td>
<td>+2.7V @ 1 mA</td>
<td>32-bit</td>
<td>single-ended</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two-16-bit words</td>
<td>+2.7V @ 1 mA</td>
<td>16-bit</td>
<td>single-ended</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Each channel individually configurable for ECL or TTL output by internal jumper selection.
AUXILIARY INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

Outpus: All of the AFGs in LeCroy's 9100 Series feature five timing outputs which may be used to help synchronize other devices in your test system to the AFG's output. Two Sample Clock outputs (located on the rear panel) are provided, as well as three timing pulse outputs (located on the front panel). Timing outputs: The Time Marker, Sync Trigger and Waveform Start Outputs are described below.

Time marker output: Occurs at a programmable time after the trigger. Limits are the same as for Trigger Delay (see the table in the Trigger Characteristics section of this Specification).

Sync trigger output: Occurs at the next sample clock edge after receiving a Trigger. Waveform start output: Occurs at the start of the waveform. This is the only timing output available in Continuous trigger mode.

Output impedance: 50 Ω
Output levels: TTL into a high impedance. 1.3 V into 50 Ω Outputs are positive-going pulses at the sample frequency for single channel waveforms in the 9101 and 9109. at twice the sample frequency for dual channel waveforms in the 9112.

Clock outputs: These outputs are squarewaves at the sample frequency for single channel waveforms in the 9101 and 9109. at twice the sample frequency for dual channel waveforms in the 9112.

Clock Out 1: Present in all modes including Ext. Clock. Active even if no waveform is being generated.

Clock Out 2: Active only when a waveform is being generated. Quiescent during trigger delay. re-arm interval, etc. Used to Master clock for Master-Slave operation.

Output impedance: 50 Ω
Output levels: NIM logic levels (0 to -0.8 V) into 50 Ω. Can be configured at factory for ECL levels into 50 Ω.

Output protection: Externally applied voltages should not exceed ±2.5 V.

Inputs: The following characteristics apply to the inputs of LeCroy’s 9100 Series Arbitrary Function Generators

Protection: The maximum input voltage level for all inputs should not exceed ±5 V.
External trigger/gate input: Input impedance 50 Ω. Threshold level ±2.5 V, < 20 mV resolution. See Triggering Characteristics section for more detail.
External clock input: Input impedance 50 Ω. Tristate level ±2.5 V, < 20 mV resolution, See Output Clocking Characteristics section for more detail.
Sum input: (not available on 9112)
Impedance: 50 Ω.
Gain: x1, ±5% for > 350 mV full scale output ranges.
Bandwidth: > 80 MHz at 3 dB
Hand-held keypad (control panel) input: A DIN connector is provided for attaching the optional hand-held control panel and display.

STANDARD FUNCTIONS

Any member of LeCroy’s 9100 Series of AFGs can be operated as a standard function generator, a pulse generator, or a precision DC source, as well as an arbitrary function generator.

Standard Function Mode

The user selects the desired function (sine, square, ramp or triangle), and frequency. The AFG uses these selectors to calculate the data file and sample rate most suitable for generation of the requested output signal, in a manner transparent to the user. In the dual-channel generators (9109 and 9112), the phase of the signal on Channel 2 is independently programmable. The Standard Function Frequencies table describes the frequencies obtainable for the various standard functions in each generator type.

Pulse Generator Mode

The user specifies the repetition rate, delay and width of the desired pulse output. and the AFG calculates the best sample rate and data pattern to meet those characteristics. Note that the Pulse function is only available in Single Channel mode (i.e., even in the 2-channel generators, pulses will only be output on Channel 1). The table below gives the pulse parameter limits.

DC Mode

Allows the AFG to operate as a source of precise DC voltages. Any DC output voltage within the range of ±10 V into 50 Ω (±20 V into a high-Z) may be programmed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard Function Frequencies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triangle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Square</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ramp</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- In the 9101 and 9109, frequencies up to 100 MHz may be programmed. but 5 nsec rise and fall time limits still apply.
- Ramp orientation may be positive or negative-going.
PROGRAMMABILITY
All of LeCroy's 9100 Series Arbitrary Function Generators feature both GPIB (IEEE-488) and RS-232 in interfaces as standard equipment.
Implemented interface functions are SH1, AH1: TS, TE0, L3, LE0, SA1, RL1, PPO, DC1, DT1, and CO
DMA rates: Typically < 200 kbytes/sec.
Data formats:
9101 & 9109:
Waveforms:
#A Binary or #L ASCII HEX "00" to "FF" (double the length of internally stored binary data files).
Other Files:
#1 Arbitrary length ASCII ill...12:
Waveforms:
#9 Binary or #L ASCII HEX '0000' to 'FFFF' (double the length of internally stored binary data files).
Other Files:
#0 Arbitrary length ASCII
RS-232: Implemented as Data Communications Equipment (DCE).
Baud rates: 300, 1200, 2400, 4800. or 9600.
Data bits: 7 or 8.
Stop bits: 1 or 2.
Parity: None, even, or odd.
Protocol: Full duplex, Xon/Xoff (DC1/DC3) handshake.
Commands: Full compatibility, same as GPIB plus: RS, SRQ, Def'n 3 character equivalent to SRQ in GPIB (default is "Bell"), ESC commands, ECHO on/off, Trig remote/ local.

ENVIRONMENTAL & GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS
Temperature range: 15°C to 35°C, full specification: 0°C to 40°C. operating.
Humidity: 40% to 95% relative, non-condensing.
Power: 115/220 VAC ±20%, 47-63 Hz.
Approximately 147 W. For 440 Hz operation, contact factory.
Size: 32.5" H x 19" W x 15" D.
Weight: 26 lbs. (approximately).

WAVEFORM DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE
LeCroy currently offers two different software packages to support our arbitrary function generator products. EASYWAVE is a menu-driven system designed to get new AFG users "up to speed" on their new tool quickly and easily. WAVE is an extended programming environment for the creation of advanced, complex waveforms and lsle programs involving multiple instruments. Each of these packages is described in more detail on separate data sheets as Models 9100/SM and 9100/SP respectively.

ORDERING INFORMATION
9101 8-bit, 200 MS/sec, single-ch/FnPl arbitrary function generator with 52 kbyte waveform memory.
9109 8-bit, 200 MS/sec dual-channel arbitrary function generator with digital word outputs and 512 kbyte waveform memory.
9112 12-bit, 50 MS/sec, dual-channel arbitrary function generator with digital word output and 512 kword waveform memory.
9100/MM1 Waveform memory expansion to 1 Mbyte (32 kword) —
9100/MM2 Waveform memory expansion to 2 Mbyte (1 Mword).
9100/RT Real-time, interactive waveform selection.
9100/SW EASYWAVE menu driven waveform creation software.
9100/SP WAVE: Advanced waveform generation and analysis software.
9100/CP Hand-held control panel for arbitrary function generators with 6 ft. connecting cable.
9100/EC Extends cable for 9100 CP.
FILTER/36 MHz Ext a 36 MHz, 8 pole low-pass Butterworth filter for 9112 (one supplied with unit).
9100/SM Arbitrary function generator service manual.
9100/OEM Extra arbitrary function generator service manual (one supplied with unit).
9100/GPIB PCII/II GPIB Interface Card and Software for IBM PC/ XT/AT" and compatible computers.
DC/GPIB GPIB cable. 2 meters.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period (ns to sec)</th>
<th>Width (nsec to 10 sec)</th>
<th>Delay (nsec to 5 ms)</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>40 nsec to 10 sec</td>
<td>25 nsec to 5 ms</td>
<td>Width - Delay must be &lt; Period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9101</td>
<td>5 nsec to 10 sec</td>
<td>25 nsec to 5 ms</td>
<td>Width + Delay must be &lt; Period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9109</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9112</td>
<td>160 nsec to 10 sec</td>
<td>35 nsec to 5 ms</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>